

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Section 1. Identification **Product identifier** : HC-7776S **Product name** : ChromaBase Snap Dry Clearcoat : 1250057714; 1250057715 Other means of identification Date of issue : 2/12/2024 Version : 11

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against		
Identified uses	Coating component.	
Uses advised against	Not for sale to or use by consumers.	
Supplier's details	: Axalta Coating Systems Canada Company 1915 2nd St. W Cornwall, ON K6H5R6	
Product information	613-932-8960	
Emergency telephone number	: (CHEMTREC) - 800-424-9300	

Section 2. Hazard identification

Classification of the substance or mixture	 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1A CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2
GHS label elements Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	: H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

H315 - Causes skin irritation. H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.

- H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
- H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
- H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
- H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

Section 2. Hazard identification

	H361 - Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
	H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	 P201 - Obtain special instructions before use. P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. P260 - Do not breathe vapor. P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling. P272 - Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
Response	 P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. P304 + P340, P312 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. P303 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	 P405 - Store locked up. P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
Disposal	 P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	: None known.

Other hazards which do not : None known. result in classification

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture			
Chemical name	Common name and Synonyms	CAS number	% (w/w)
acetone	ACETONE	67-64-1	≥10 - ≤30
XYLENE	XYLENE	1330-20-7	≥10 - ≤30
4-methylpentan-2-one	METHYL ISOBUTYL KETONE	108-10-1	≥5 - ≤10
5-methylhexan-2-one	METHYL ISOAMYL KETONE	110-12-3	≥5 - ≤10
ethylbenzene	ETHYLBENZENE	100-41-4	≥1 - ≤5
butanone	METHYL ETHYL KETONE	78-93-3	≥1 - ≤5
toluene	TOLUENE	108-88-3	≥1 - ≤5
BIS(1,2,2,6,6-PENTAMETHYL- 4-PIPERIDINYL) SEBACATE	BIS(1,2,2,6,6-PENTAMETHYL- 4-PIPERIDINYL) SEBACATE	41556-26-7	≥0.1 - ≤1

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

ISOBUTYL METHACRYLATE	ISOBUTYL METHACRYLATE	97-86-9	≥0.1 - ≤1
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl- 4-piperidyl sebacate	DECANEDIOIC ACID, METHYL 1,2,2,6,6-PENTAMETHYL- 4-PIPERIDINYL ESTER	82919-37-7	≥0.1 - ≤1

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First-aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

eyel	ediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower ids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 utes. Get medical attention.	
If it mas or if pers resu If ur Main	nove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. s suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate k or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained onnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth scitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. conscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. ntain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or tband.	
Was glov eve	sh with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. sh contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear es. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the nt of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before e. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.	
swa drin indu the atte mou med	sh out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been llowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to k. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not ce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical ntion. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by th to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get ical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such collar, tie, belt or waistband.	
Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed		

Potential acute health effects	
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.
Over-exposure signs/sympto	ms

Section 4. First-aid measures

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
ndication of immediate n	nedical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing there uses with water before removing it, or wear glover.
	thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	 Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures For non-emergency : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from personnel entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. For emergency responders : If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel". : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, **Environmental precautions** drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use.
	Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have
	been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not
	breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear
	appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas
	and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or
	an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when
	not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition
	source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling)

Section 7. Handling and storage

		equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.
Storage code	:	IA

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
acetone	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). OEL: 1200 mg/m ³ 8 hours. OEL: 1800 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. OEL: 500 ppm 8 hours. OEL: 750 ppm 15 minutes. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2023). TWA: 250 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). TWA: 250 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). TWAEV: 250 ppm 8 hours. STEV: 500 ppm 15 minutes. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 750 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours.
XYLENE	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). [Dimethylbenzene] OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours. OEL: 651 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. OEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. OEL: 434 mg/m ³ 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2023). [Xylene (o, m & p isomers)] TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection				
	 CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). [Xylene] TWAEV: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWAEV: 434 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEV: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEV: 651 mg/m³ 15 minutes. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). [Xylene (o-, m-, p-isomers)] STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). [Xylene] STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. 			
4-methylpentan-2-one	 TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). OEL: 205 mg/m³ 8 hours. OEL: 50 ppm 8 hours. OEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes. OEL: 307 mg/m³ 15 minutes. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2023). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). TWAEV: 20 ppm 8 hours. STEV: 75 ppm 15 minutes. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. 			
5-methylhexan-2-one	 CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). OEL: 50 ppm 8 hours. OEL: 234 mg/m³ 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2023). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). TWAEV: 20 ppm 8 hours. STEV: 50 ppm 15 minutes. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 60 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. 			
ethylbenzene	 CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours. OEL: 434 mg/m³ 8 hours. OEL: 543 mg/m³ 15 minutes. OEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2023). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). 			

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection				
butanone	TWAEV: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). OEL: 300 ppm 15 minutes. OEL: 200 ppm 8 hours. OEL: 590 mg/m ³ 8 hours. OEL: 590 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2023). TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 300 ppm 15 minutes. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). TWAEV: 50 ppm 8 hours. STEV: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEV: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEV: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEV: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEV: 300 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEV: 300 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 300 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.			
toluene	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). Absorbed through skin. OEL: 50 ppm 8 hours. OEL: 188 mg/m ³ 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2023). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). TWAEV: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 60 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.			

Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

-	· · ·
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

ColorClear.OdorNot available.Odor thresholdNot available.pHNot applicable.Melting pointTechnically not possible to measureBoiling pointS6 to 144.1°C (132.8 to 291.4°F)Freezing pointClosed cup: -9.889°C (14.2°F)Flash pointClosed cup: -9.889°C (14.2°F)Evaporation rateNot available.Flammability (solid, gas)Not available.Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limitsLower: 1% Upper: 12.8%Vapor pressure7.3 kPa (54.9 mm Hg)Vapor densityNot available.	Physical state		Liquid
Odor: Not available.Odor threshold: Not available.pH: Not applicable.Melting point: Technically not possible to measureBoiling point: 56 to 144.1°C (132.8 to 291.4°F)Freezing point: Not available.Flash point: Closed cup: -9.889°C (14.2°F)Evaporation rate: Not available.Flammability (solid, gas): Not available.Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits: Lower: 1% Upper: 12.8%Vapor pressure: 7.3 kPa (54.9 mm Hg)	•		•
Odor threshold: Not available.pH: Not applicable.Melting point: Technically not possible to measureBoiling point: 56 to 144.1°C (132.8 to 291.4°F)Freezing point: 56 to 144.1°C (132.8 to 291.4°F)Freezing point: Not available.Flash point: Closed cup: -9.889°C (14.2°F)Evaporation rate: Not available.Flammability (solid, gas): Not available.Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits: Lower: 1% Upper: 12.8%Vapor pressure: 7.3 kPa (54.9 mm Hg)	Color	:	Clear.
pH: Not applicable.Melting point: Technically not possible to measureBoiling point: 56 to 144.1°C (132.8 to 291.4°F)Freezing point: Not available.Flash point: Closed cup: -9.889°C (14.2°F)Evaporation rate: Not available.Flammability (solid, gas): Not available.Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits: Lower: 1% Upper: 12.8%Vapor pressure: 7.3 kPa (54.9 mm Hg)	Odor	:	Not available.
Melting point: Technically not possible to measureBoiling point: 56 to 144.1°C (132.8 to 291.4°F)Freezing point: Not available.Flash point: Closed cup: -9.889°C (14.2°F)Evaporation rate: Not available.Flammability (solid, gas): Not available.Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits: Lower: 1% Upper: 12.8%Vapor pressure: 7.3 kPa (54.9 mm Hg)	Odor threshold	:	Not available.
Boiling point: 56 to 144.1°C (132.8 to 291.4°F)Freezing point: Not available.Flash point: Closed cup: -9.889°C (14.2°F)Evaporation rate: Not available.Flammability (solid, gas): Not available.Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits: Lower: 1% Upper: 12.8%Vapor pressure: 7.3 kPa (54.9 mm Hg)	рН	:	Not applicable.
Freezing point: Not available.Flash point: Closed cup: -9.889°C (14.2°F)Evaporation rate: Not available.Flammability (solid, gas): Not available.Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits: Lower: 1% Upper: 12.8%Vapor pressure: 7.3 kPa (54.9 mm Hg)	Melting point	:	Technically not possible to measure
Flash point:Closed cup: -9.889°C (14.2°F)Evaporation rate:Not available.Flammability (solid, gas):Not available.Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits:Lower: 1% Upper: 12.8%Vapor pressure:7.3 kPa (54.9 mm Hg)	Boiling point	:	56 to 144.1°C (132.8 to 291.4°F)
Evaporation rate: Not available.Flammability (solid, gas): Not available.Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits: Lower: 1% Upper: 12.8%Vapor pressure: 7.3 kPa (54.9 mm Hg)	Freezing point	:	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas): Not available.Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits: Lower: 1% Upper: 12.8%Vapor pressure: 7.3 kPa (54.9 mm Hg)	Flash point	:	Closed cup: -9.889°C (14.2°F)
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits: Lower: 1% Upper: 12.8%Vapor pressure: 7.3 kPa (54.9 mm Hg)	Evaporation rate	:	Not available.
(flammable) limitsUpper: 12.8%Vapor pressure: 7.3 kPa (54.9 mm Hg)	Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not available.
		:	
Vapor density: Not available.	Vapor pressure	:	7.3 kPa (54.9 mm Hg)
	Vapor density	:	Not available.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Relative density

: Not available.

Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not applicable.
Auto-ignition temperature	:	400°C (752°F)
Decomposition temperature	:	Not applicable.
Viscosity	:	Not available.
Flow time (ISO 2431)	:	Not available.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
acetone	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	21 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2001 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5800 mg/kg	-
XYLENE	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	5000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
4-methylpentan-2-one	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	16.4 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2080 mg/kg	-
5-methylhexan-2-one	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	5000 ppm	4 hours
-	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	11.11 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3200 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-
butanone	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	6480 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2737 mg/kg	-
toluene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	49 g/m³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	5001 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5001 mg/kg	-
	TDLo Dermal	Rat	26.4 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
acetone	Eyes - Mild irritant	Human	-	186300 ppm	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	10 uL	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20 mg	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	20 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	395 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
XYLENE	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 mg	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5	-
				mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 uL	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 %	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
4-methylpentan-2-one	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 uL	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	40 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
ethylbenzene	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 15	-
-				mg	
butanone	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 14	-
				mg	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
toluene	Skin - Mild irritant	Pig	-	24 hours 250	-
				uL	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	435 mg	-

Section 11. Toxicological information

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Section 11. Toxicological information

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
acetone	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
XYLENE	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
4-methylpentan-2-one	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
butanone	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
toluene	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
ISOBUTYL METHACRYLATE	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	0,	Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylbenzene toluene	Category 2 Category 2	-	-

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely : Not available.

routes of exposure

Potential acute health	<u>effects</u>
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Section 11. Toxicological information

Skin contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Delayed and immediate effe	<u>cts</u>	and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
<u>Short term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Potential chronic health eff	fect	<u>s</u>
Not available.		
General	:	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	:	Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	:	Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
Developmental effects	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	:	Suspected of damaging fertility.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	9204.13 mg/kg
Dermal	3749.41 mg/kg
Inhalation (gases)	25435.17 ppm
Inhalation (vapors)	79.9 mg/l

Section 12. Ecological information

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses waterways.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

	TDG Classification	DOT Classification	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
Packing group	11	11	11	
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.

Section 14. Transport information

TDG Classification	:	Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.18-2.19 (Class 3).
DOT Classification	:	Reportable quantity 687.29 lbs / 312.03 kg [91.083 gal / 344.79 L]. Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ (reportable quantity) transportation requirements.
Special precautions for user	:	Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.
Transport in bulk according	:	Not available.

to IMO instruments

Section 14. Transport information

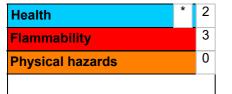
The actual shipping description for this product may vary based several factors including, but not limited to, the volume of material, size of the container, mode of transport and use of exemptions or exceptions found in the applicable regulations. The information provided in Section 14 is one possible shipping description for this product. Consult your shipping specialist or supplier for appropriate assignment information.

Section 15. Regulatory information

<u>Canadian lists</u>	
Canadian NPRI	 The following components are listed: xylene (all isomers); methyl isobutyl ketone; ethylbenzene; methyl ethyl ketone; toluene
CEPA Toxic substances	: None of the components are listed.
Inventory list	
Canada	 At least one component is not listed in DSL but all such components are listed in NDSL.
United States	: All components are listed or exempted.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



Reprinted with permission from NFPA 704-2001, Identification of the Hazards of Materials for Emergency Response Copyright ©1997, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This reprinted material is not the complete and official position of the National Fire Protection Association, on the referenced subject which is represented only by the standard in its entirety.

Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

<u>History</u>

Date of issue	: 2/12/2024
Version	: 11
	Product stewardship and regulatory compliance.

Section 16. Other information

Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
	GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
	IATA = International Air Transport Association
	IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
	IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
	LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
	MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,
	1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
	UN = United Nations
	HPR = Hazardous Products Regulations

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

This product is intended for industrial use only.

Safety Data Sheet (SDS) content is believed to be accurate as of its issue date, but is subject to change as new information is received by Axalta Coatings Systems, LLC or any of its subsidiaries or affiliates (Axalta). This SDS may incorporate information that has been provided to Axalta by its suppliers. Users should ensure that they are referring to the most current version of the SDS. Users are responsible for following the precautions identified in this SDS. It is the users' responsibility to comply with all laws and regulations applicable to the safe handling, use, and disposal of the product.

Users of Axalta products should read all relevant product information prior to use, and make their own determination as to the suitability of the products for their intended use. Except as otherwise required by applicable law, AXALTA MAKES NO WARRANTIES, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO, ANY IMPLIED WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. The information on this SDS relates only to the specific product identified in Section 1, Identification, and does not relate to its possible use in combination with any other material or in any specific process. If this product is to be used in combination with other products, Axalta encourages you to read and understand the SDS for all products prior to use.

© 2022 Axalta Coating Systems, LLC and all affiliates. All rights reserved. Copies may be made only for those using Axalta Coating Systems products.