

# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

# **Section 1. Identification**

Product identifier : 020 16815

Product name : Standox Basecoat Mix 815 - Brilliant Orange

Other means of

identification

: 4024669168150

**Date of issue** : 12/1/2022 **Version** : 16.1

## Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses : Coating component.

**Uses advised against**: Not for sale to or use by consumers.

Supplier's details : Axalta Coating Systems Canada Company

408 Fairall Street Ajax, ON L1S1R6

**Product information**: 800-668-6945

**Emergency telephone** 

number

: (CHEMTREC) - 800-424-9300

# Section 2. Hazard identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1B CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) -

Category 3

### **GHS** label elements

Hazard pictograms :









Signal word : Danger

**Hazard statements** : H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

H315 - Causes skin irritation.

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction. H318 - Causes serious eye damage. H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H351 - Suspected of causing cancer.

## **Precautionary statements**

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# Section 2. Hazard identification

Prevention

: P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection.

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition

sources. No smoking.

P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P261 - Avoid breathing vapor.

P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

P272 - Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

Response

: P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. P304 + P340, P312 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water.

P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. P305 + P351 + P338, P310 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

**Storage** 

: P405 - Store locked up.

P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

**Disposal** 

: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional.

national and international regulations.

Supplemental label

elements

: None known.

Other hazards which do not : None known. result in classification

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

### Substance/mixture

| Chemical name                                | Common name and Synonyms | CAS number | % (w/w)   |
|--|--------------------------|------------|-----------|
| n-butyl acetate                              | butyl acetate            | 123-86-4   | ≥30 - ≤60 |
| butan-1-ol                                   | N-BUTYL ALCOHOL          | 71-36-3    | ≥5 - ≤10  |
| Orange pigment                               | ORANGE PIGMENT           | -          | ≥1 - ≤5   |
| Hydrocarbons, terpene processing by-products | TURPENTINE               | 68956-56-9 | ≥1 - ≤5   |
| heptan-2-one                                 | METHYL AMYL KETONE       | 110-43-0   | ≥1 - ≤5   |
| 2-butoxyethyl acetate                        | 2-BUTOXYETHYL ACETATE    | 112-07-2   | ≥1 - ≤5   |
| Isopropyl alcohol                            | ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL        | 67-63-0    | ≥1 - ≤5   |
| xylene                                       | XYLENE                   | 1330-20-7  | ≥1 - ≤5   |
| 2-methylpropan-1-ol                          | ISOBUTYL ALCOHOL         | 78-83-1    | ≥1 - ≤5   |
| ethylbenzene                                 | ETHYLBENZENE             | 100-41-4   | ≥0.1 - ≤1 |

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# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

# Section 4. First-aid measures

## Description of necessary first aid measures

**Eye contact** 

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.

Inhalation

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Skin contact

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

# Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye damage.

**Inhalation**: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or

dizziness.

Skin contactIngestionCauses skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.IngestionCan cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

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# Section 4. First-aid measures

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur

**Ingestion**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

## Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.

The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

**Specific treatments**: No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it

is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing

thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

## See toxicological information (Section 11)

# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

### **Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing media

: Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: Do not use water jet.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.

Hazardous thermal : Decompo

decomposition products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk.

Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

 Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

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# Section 6. Accidental release measures

## Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

## For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

### **Environmental precautions**

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

### Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

### Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with noncombustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

## Precautions for safe handling

## **Protective measures**

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

## Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

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# Section 7. Handling and storage

including any incompatibilities

Conditions for safe storage, : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and wellventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Storage code

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

## **Control parameters**

### Occupational exposure limits

| Ingredient name | Exposure limits  |
|-----------------|--|
| n-butyl acetate | CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).  15 min OEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.  15 min OEL: 950 mg/m³ 15 minutes.  8 hrs OEL: 150 ppm 8 hours.  8 hrs OEL: 713 mg/m³ 8 hours.  CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).  STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.  TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.  CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). [butyl acetates, all isomers]  STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.  TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.  CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 3/2022).  [butyl acetate, all isomers]  STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.  TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.  CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2021). [butyl acetates]  STEV: 150 ppm 15 minutes.  TWAEV: 50 ppm 8 hours. |
| butan-1-ol      | CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).  8 hrs OEL: 60 mg/m³ 8 hours.  8 hrs OEL: 20 ppm 8 hours.  CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 3/2022).  TWA: 15 ppm 8 hours.  C: 30 ppm  CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).  TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.  CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2021). Absorbed through skin.  STEV: 50 ppm 15 minutes.  STEV: 152 mg/m³ 15 minutes.  CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).  STEL: 30 ppm 15 minutes.  TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.  |
| heptan-2-one    | CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). 8 hrs OEL: 233 mg/m³ 8 hours.  |

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# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

8 hrs OEL: 50 ppm 8 hours.

CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 3/2022).

TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.

CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).

TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 115 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2021).

TWAEV: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWAEV: 233 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).

STEL: 60 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.

CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 3/2022).

TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.

CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).

TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.

CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).

8 hrs OEL: 131 mg/m³ 8 hours. 8 hrs OEL: 20 ppm 8 hours.

CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).

STEL: 30 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.

CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2021).

TWAEV: 10 ppm 8 hours.

CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).

15 min OEL: 984 mg/m³ 15 minutes. 8 hrs OEL: 200 ppm 8 hours.

15 min OEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes. 8 hrs OEL: 492 mg/m³ 8 hours.

CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 3/2022).

TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes.

CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).

TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes.

CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2021).

TWAEV: 400 ppm 8 hours. TWAEV: 983 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEV: 500 ppm 15 minutes. STEV: 1230 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).

STEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.

CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).

[Dimethylbenzene]

8 hrs OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours. 15 min OEL: 651 mg/m³ 15 minutes. 15 min OEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. 8 hrs OEL: 434 mg/m³ 8 hours.

CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 3/2022).

[Xylene (o, m & p isomers)] TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.

CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2021). [Xylene]

TWAEV: 100 ppm 8 hours.

2-butoxyethyl acetate

Isopropyl alcohol

xylene

2-methylpropan-1-ol

ethylbenzene

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

TWAEV: 434 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEV: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEV: 651 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). [Xylene (o-,

m-, p-isomers)]

STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.

CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).

[Xylene]

STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.

CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).

8 hrs OEL: 50 ppm 8 hours. 8 hrs OEL: 152 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 3/2022).

TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.

CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).

TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.

CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2021).

TWAEV: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWAEV: 152 mg/m³ 8 hours.

CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).

STEL: 60 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.

CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).

8 hrs OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours. 8 hrs OEL: 434 mg/m³ 8 hours. 15 min OEL: 543 mg/m³ 15 minutes. 15 min OEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.

CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 3/2022).

TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.

CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).

TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.

CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2021).

TWAEV: 20 ppm 8 hours.

CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).

STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Environmental exposure controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

### Individual protection measures

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# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

### Skin protection

Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

**Body protection** 

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

### **Appearance**

Physical state: Liquid.

Color: Orange.

Odor : Not available.
Odor threshold : Not available.
pH : Not applicable.
Melting point : Not applicable.

**Boiling point** : 117 to 126°C (242.6 to 258.8°F)

Freezing point : Not available.

Flash point : Closed cup: 21.389°C (70.5°F)

Evaporation rate : Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas) : Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits : Lower: 1.2% Upper: 11.3%
Vapor pressure : 1.1 kPa (8.1 mm Hg)

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# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Vapor density : Not available. · Not available. Relative density

Partition coefficient: n-

Flow time (ISO 2431)

octanol/water

**Viscosity** 

: Not applicable.

**Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature**: Not applicable.

: 340°C (644°F) : Not available. : Not available.

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability : The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld,

braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: Incompatible materials

oxidizing materials

Hazardous decomposition

products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products

should not be produced.

# **Section 11. Toxicological information**

## Information on toxicological effects

# **Acute toxicity**

| Product/ingredient name | Result                | Species     | Dose                    | Exposure |
|-------------------------|-----------------------|-------------|-------------------------|----------|
| n-butyl acetate         | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat         | 21.1 mg/l               | 4 hours  |
|                         | LD50 Dermal           | Rabbit      | >17600 mg/kg            | -        |
|                         | LD50 Oral             | Rat         | 10768 mg/kg             | -        |
| butan-1-ol              | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat         | 24000 mg/m <sup>3</sup> | 4 hours  |
|                         | LD50 Dermal           | Rabbit      | 3400 mg/kg              | -        |
|                         | LD50 Oral             | Rat         | 790 mg/kg               | -        |
| heptan-2-one            | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat         | 16.8 mg/l               | 4 hours  |
|                         | LD50 Dermal           | Rabbit      | 10332 mg/kg             | -        |
|                         | LD50 Oral             | Rat         | 1600 mg/kg              | -        |
| 2-butoxyethyl acetate   | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat         | 7.82 mg/l               | 4 hours  |
|                         | LD50 Dermal           | Rabbit      | 1500 mg/kg              | -        |
|                         | LD50 Oral             | Rat - Male, | 1880 mg/kg              | -        |
|                         |                       | Female      |                         |          |
| Isopropyl alcohol       | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat - Male, | 37.5 mg/l               | 4 hours  |
|                         | ·                     | Female      |                         |          |
|                         | LD50 Dermal           | Rabbit      | 12800 mg/kg             | -        |
|                         | LD50 Oral             | Rat         | 5000 mg/kg              | -        |
| xylene                  | LC50 Inhalation Gas.  | Rat         | 5000 ppm                | 4 hours  |
|                         |                       |             |                         |          |

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|                     | LD50 Oral   | Rat    | 4300 mg/kg  | - |
|---------------------|-------------|--------|-------------|---|
| 2-methylpropan-1-ol | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 3400 mg/kg  | - |
|                     | LD50 Oral   | Rat    | 2460 mg/kg  | - |
| ethylbenzene        | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | >5000 mg/kg | - |
|                     | LD50 Oral   | Rat    | 3500 mg/kg  | - |

# **Irritation/Corrosion**

| Product/ingredient name                      | Result                   | Species | Score | Exposure                | Observation |
|--|--------------------------|---------|-------|-------------------------|-------------|
| butan-1-ol                                   | Eyes - Cornea opacity    | Rabbit  | 2.11  | -                       | 7 days      |
|  | Eyes - Severe irritant   | Rabbit  | -     | 0.005 MI                | -           |
|  | Eyes - Severe irritant   | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 2              | -           |
|  | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit  | -     | mg<br>24 hours 20<br>mg | -           |
| Hydrocarbons, terpene processing by-products | Eyes - Moderate irritant | Human   | -     | -                       | -           |
|  | Skin - Irritant          | Human   | -     | -                       | -           |
| heptan-2-one                                 | Skin - Mild irritant     | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 14             | -           |
|  |                          |         |       | mg                      |             |
| Isopropyl alcohol                            | Eyes - Moderate irritant | Rabbit  | -     | 10 mg                   | -           |
|  | Eyes - Moderate irritant | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 100            | -           |
|  |                          |         |       | mg                      |             |
|  | Eyes - Severe irritant   | Rabbit  | -     | 100 mg                  | -           |
|  | Skin - Mild irritant     | Rabbit  | -     | 500 mg                  | -           |
| xylene                                       | Eyes - Mild irritant     | Rabbit  | -     | 87 mg                   | -           |
|  | Eyes - Severe irritant   | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 5              | -           |
|  |                          |         |       | mg                      |             |
|  | Skin - Mild irritant     | Rat     | -     | 8 hours 60 uL           | -           |
|  | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit  | -     | 100 %                   | -           |
|  | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 500            | -           |
|  |                          |         |       | mg                      |             |
| ethylbenzene                                 | Skin - Mild irritant     | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 15<br>mg       | -           |

# **Sensitization**

Not available.

## **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

## Carcinogenicity

Not available.

# **Reproductive toxicity**

Not available.

# **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

# Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

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# Section 11. Toxicological information

| Name                | Category   | Route of exposure | Target organs                |
|---------------------|------------|-------------------|------------------------------|
| n-butyl acetate     | Category 3 | -                 | Narcotic effects             |
| butan-1-ol          | Category 3 | -                 | Respiratory tract irritation |
|                     | Category 3 |                   | Narcotic effects             |
| heptan-2-one        | Category 3 | -                 | Narcotic effects             |
| Isopropyl alcohol   | Category 3 | -                 | Narcotic effects             |
| xylene              | Category 3 | -                 | Respiratory tract irritation |
| 2-methylpropan-1-ol | Category 3 | -                 | Respiratory tract irritation |
|                     | Category 3 |                   | Narcotic effects             |

## Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

| Name         | · · · · · · · · | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|--------------|-----------------|-------------------|---------------|
| ethylbenzene | Category 2      | -                 | -             |

## **Aspiration hazard**

| Name        | Result  |
|-------------|---|
| 1 1 1 0 1 1 | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| 1 *         | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1                                |

Information on the likely

routes of exposure

: Not available.

### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye damage.

**Inhalation** : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or

dizziness.

Skin contactIngestionCauses skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

## Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Eye contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur

**Ingestion**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

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# **Section 11. Toxicological information**

### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

### **Short term exposure**

Potential immediate

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate

: Not available.

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

### Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

General: Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed

to very low levels.

**Carcinogenicity**: Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of

exposure.

Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Teratogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Developmental effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Fertility effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## **Numerical measures of toxicity**

## **Acute toxicity estimates**

| Route                        | ATE value      |  |
|------------------------------|----------------|--|
| Oral                         | 5773.16 mg/kg  |  |
| Dermal                       | 14041.96 mg/kg |  |
| Inhalation (gases)           | 264379.33 ppm  |  |
| Inhalation (vapors)          | 178.57 mg/l    |  |
| Inhalation (dusts and mists) | 32.64 mg/l     |  |

# Section 12. Ecological information

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses waterways.

# Section 13. Disposal considerations

## **Disposal methods**

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or

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# Section 13. Disposal considerations

liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

# **Section 14. Transport information**

|                            | TDG Classification | DOT Classification | IMDG   | IATA   |
|----------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------|--------|
| UN number                  | UN1263             | UN1263             | UN1263 | UN1263 |
| UN proper shipping name    | PAINT              | PAINT              | PAINT  | PAINT  |
| Transport hazard class(es) | 3                  | 3                  | 3      | 3      |
| Packing group              | II                 | II                 | II     | II     |
| Environmental hazards      | No.                | No.                | No.    | No.    |

### **Additional information**

**TDG Classification** 

: Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.18-2.19 (Class 3).

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to IMO instruments

The actual shipping description for this product may vary based several factors including, but not limited to, the volume of material, size of the container, mode of transport and use of exemptions or exceptions found in the applicable regulations. The information provided in Section 14 is one possible shipping description for this product. Consult your shipping specialist or supplier for appropriate assignment information.

# Section 15. Regulatory information

## **Canadian lists**

**Canadian NPRI** 

: The following components are listed: butyl acetate (all isomers); n-butyl alcohol; other glycol ethers and acetates (and their isomers); isopropyl alcohol; xylene (all isomers); i-butyl alcohol

**CEPA Toxic substances** 

: None of the components are listed.

**Inventory list** 

Canada

At least one component is not listed in DSL but all such components are listed in NDSL.

**United States** : All components are listed or exempted.

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# Section 16. Other information

## **Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)**



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

### National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

### <u>History</u>

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Product stewardship and regulatory compliance.

**Key to abbreviations** : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,

1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

UN = United Nations

HPR = Hazardous Products Regulations

▼ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

## Notice to reader

This product is intended for industrial use only.

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# Section 16. Other information

TO, ANY IMPLIED WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. The information on this SDS relates only to the specific product identified in Section 1, Identification, and does not relate to its possible use in combination with any other material or in any specific process. If this product is to be used in combination with other products, Axalta encourages you to read and understand the SDS for all products prior to use.

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